

lowing delegates, who were appointed at a Union meeting held in Anneton:

- DELEGATES. A. F. Wiley, E. M. Pease, J. A. Paschal, C. Caldwell, D. J. Baldwin, J. C. Caldwell, D. J. Baldwin.

HAMILTON, the leading spirit in the Convention, is a native of Madison county, Alabama, where he was born in 1813. His early years were divided between attendance upon a common school and labor on his father's farm. For several years he was engaged in business as a merchant, holding the position of Clerk of the Circuit Court as well. He afterwards studied law, and was admitted to the bar. Removing to Texas in 1846, he was frequently elected to the Legislature, and served also as Attorney-General of the State. In 1859 he ran for Congress as an independent Democratic candidate, receiving 17,198 votes, while his competitor, Wau, the regular Democratic nominee, polled 16,007. During the last days of this Congress he served as a member of the Committee of Thirty-three on the perilous state of the country. On the 7th of January, 1861, he voted with the Southern minority, in disapproval of the course of Major Anderson in withdrawing from Fort Moultrie to Fort Sumter. On the 18th of February he voted in favor of laying on the table a bill for calling out the militia of the Union to suppress insurrection and repel invasion. On the 24 of March he voted against censuring the Secretary of the Navy for the acceptance of the resignations of officers from the Southern States. But on the 11th of February, in opposition to nearly every other Democrat, he voted in favor of the construction of seven new steam screw sloops-of-war. When the line between Unionists and Disunionists came to be distinctly drawn he was found on the Union side, a position which he has maintained to the present day, regardless of the personal sacrifices that have been required at his hands. In 1862 President Lincoln commissioned him as Military Governor of Texas, and on the 17th of June, 1865, President Johnson appointed him Provisional Governor of the same State. Although during the latter part of his administration he was but poorly supported by the Federal Government, he retained his position, nominally at least, for several months after all the other Provisional Governors had given place to their civil successors.

G. W. PASCHAL is a Georgian by birth. He has resided for many years in Arkansas and Texas. In the former State he was a Judge of the Supreme Court. Since 1847 he has practiced law in Texas. As a lawyer he is considered one of the most accomplished west of the Mississippi. He is an unflinching Unionist, and although he remained quietly at his home during the war, he became very obnoxious to the Rebel authorities. On this account the chivalrous Magruder threw him into prison at one time.

SHERWOOD is a New Yorker by birth, but for several years resided in Galveston, Texas. He has been a member of the Legislature of that State, from which body he was expelled in 1855, on account of his anti-slavery views. So violent was the opposition to him that he was forced to leave the State, to which he did not return until the close of the war, and then only for a brief period. He is a man of fine abilities, and one of the best constitutional lawyers in the State. He is now an out-and-out radical, and thoroughly comprehends the present situation and its requirements.

SABIN, a New Yorker by birth, has been a resident of Houston, Texas, for several years, engaged in the practice of the law. Being a staunch Unionist, he had a disagreement with his neighbors early in the war, and found it necessary to take his departure from the State, to which he returned after the suppression of the Rebellion.

WILEY is a Georgian by birth, and a lawyer of high standing. He is a radical Unionist, and suffered imprisonment during the war.

PEASE is a native of Connecticut, but has been a resident of Texas for thirty years. He served two terms as Governor of the State before the war, and enjoyed a great popularity. I. A. PASCHAL is a native of Georgia, and is a brother of George W. Paschal. Before the war he had been a member of the State Legislature and a district judge. He has been loyal throughout, but remained quietly at home during the secession reign.

CALDWELL is a native of Tennessee. He is a lawyer, and has held the position of district judge in Texas. He remained in the State during the war, and suffered imprisonment for his devotion to the Union.

BALDWIN is a native of New Jersey, but for thirty years he has resided in the South, first in Arkansas and afterwards in Texas. During the war he was imprisoned by General Magruder on account of his loyalty to the Union, and finally sent into exile. After the war he returned to Texas, with his commission as United States District Attorney of the Eastern District of the State.

From this State the following are the MEMBERS OF THE CALL. John Minor Botts, Franklin Searles, John B. Troth, J. M. Stewart, William N. Berkeley, Allen C. Harmon, Lewis McKenzie, J. W. Cunningham, John C. Underwood, Burnham Wardwell.

The Union Republican State Central Committee have appointed the following DELEGATES. Alexandria County—Lewis McKenzie, James M. Stewart, George Tucker, Samuel N. Garwood, George C. Hines, Robert Fortner, William N. Berkeley, William Arnold.

Fairfax County—John B. Troth, T. B. Munson, Daniel W. Lewis, Isaac Snowdon, Jacob M. Troth, William C. Hendricks, George Ives, Charles Stuart, Cortland Linkins.

Prince William County—T. L. Selection, George W. Jones, John W. Palmer, Thomas E. Taylor, Thomas C. Morrill, T. B. Williams, Samuel Gover, William Williams, H. B. Holmes, J. J. Benshaw, N. E. Janney, J. C. Janney, James W. Wallace, John B. Dutton.

Fauquier County—Solomon Cook, Charles Kettlet, John Holland, William Beckmore, William Fletcher, Frederick County—A. M. Grange, William K. Smith, Frederick County—Thomas W. Robinson, V. H. Beck, C. J. Watrous, William Andrews, Thomas Hatfield, J. Pollock, C. M. Gibbons, S. E. Atwell.

Whitehall, J. R. Hall, A. L. Hill, John Frost, Dr. D. W. Todd, Hon. L. H. Chandler, M. C. Penick, Crany—James Simpson, Wm. Carpenter, John H. Harris, Isaac Higgs, William Hall, Portsmouth City—Richard Cox, James H. Clements, Major Johnstone, Alex. Lawrence, G. Varner, James W. Browney, Thomas Brown, E. B. Lookins, Elizabeth City—Robert Wood, George Chabon, Colonel J. C. White, George G. French, Elias Todd, J. S. Sanders.

Montgomery County—J. P. Ireland, Accomac County—E. K. Spauld, Dr. Arthur Watson, Savage Cove, Bennett M. Hill, George W. Birch, Dr. Francis West, J. J. Lewis, A. W. Pruney, Hon. William A. B. Casis, M. C.

Montgomery County—William Barnum, J. M. Love, A. J. Barlow, A. H. Pagan, John J. Henry, Henry County—George W. Baker, W. H. Jones, J. J. Lewis, A. W. Pruney, Hon. William A. B. Casis, M. C.

Patrick is a native of Virginia. He was educated at the Meadville College of Pennsylvania, and after being admitted to the bar removed to Mississippi, where he remained until 1840, when he returned and settled at Fairmount, West Virginia. He took an active part in raising and organizing troops for the Union cause. He was subsequently elected Governor of the new State of West Virginia, and was appointed Provisional Governor of Eastern Virginia by President Lincoln, which position he still holds.

Colonel LEW is a native of Rockingham county, and holds the position of Secretary of State under Governor Pierpont. He was formerly editor of the Washington National American.

HUNNICUTT is a Baptist minister, who went in so strong for the Union during the war, that he was chased out of Fredericksburg. He has returned to that city, and is now editor of the Ledger in that town.

CURTIS is a lawyer, and was recently elected to Congress from the First District of Virginia. CHANDLER is United States District Attorney for the Eastern District, and was elected to Congress some time since from Norfolk.

BARBOUR is a "so-so, easily-alarmed Unionist." He is a man of small mental calibre. He was elected some time ago a Representative to Congress from the Third District.

RIDGWAY is a resident of Richmond, an editor by profession, and a quasi Unionist. He was elected to Congress from the Fourth District some months ago.

DAVIS was elected Congressman from the Fifth District. HOVE, Congressman from the Eighth District. BORTS is a lawyer of some ability. He has served several terms in Congress and in the Legislature of Virginia. His father and mother were both burned to death in the conflagration at the Richmond Theatre in 1811. He was defeated for the Governorship by Henry A. Wise, and has since declined public office. He took no part in the war, and is believed to have been a thorough neutral Union man.

WARDWELL is a strong Union man, and one of the Grand Jury that indicted Jeff. Davis. DUDLEY, same as above. TINSLEY, idem. FAY, ditto. DAVIS, the same.

West Virginia. The Union State Central Committee, at a meeting held in Wheeling on the 22d of August, appointed the following gentlemen as DELEGATES AT LARGE. Arthur J. Boreman, Peter J. Van Winkle, General J. H. Duval, General J. A. Lightburn, General D. H. Strother, E. M. Kirtland, George W. Norton, James Burley, John Atkinson, W. E. Stephenson, Greenbury Slack, Edwin Maxwell.

BOREMAN, the present Governor of the State, is a lawyer of standing, and an outspoken loyalist. He was an earnest advocate of the separation of the western counties from the old State of Virginia, and was elected first Governor of the new State on the 28th of May, 1863, by a vote of 25,797, without opposition. He favored a constitutional provision prohibiting Rebels from voting in the State.

WINKLE is a native of Monongalia county, West Virginia. He studied law, and was admitted to the bar in 1833. For fourteen years, from 1841, he was a Clerk of the State Courts of Virginia. In 1850 he was a member of the Convention for revising the State Constitution. In the winter of 1860-61 he was again a member of the State Convention, held at Richmond. In 1861, having resisted the secession movement, he was elected United States Senator by the loyal State Legislature assembled at Alexandria. When the movement for a separate State organization began in West Virginia, he was sent to Wheeling as a delegate, and in 1863 he took the oath as Senator from the new State. In the Senate he has voted uniformly with the radical Republicans, except on the question of passing the first Freedmen's Bureau bill over the President's veto, when he voted "nay."

VAN WINKLE is a native of the city of New York, but removed to Parkersburg, West Virginia, in 1835. He was a member of the Virginia Constitutional Convention of 1850, of the Wheeling Convention of 1861, and of the Convention of 1862 which formed the Constitution of the State of West Virginia. He was elected to the Legislature of the new State, and in November, 1863, to the Senate of the United States. In the Senate he has usually voted with the radical Republicans. He voted in favor of the first Freedmen's Bureau bill, but against passing it over the President's veto. He also opposed the Civil Rights bill, both on the original passage and on its passage over the President's veto.

General KELLEY, a native of New Hampshire, at the outbreak of the war was appointed a Brigadier-General of volunteers by President Lincoln, his commission dating May 17, 1861. He was one of the first appointments in the volunteer force, and served gallantly until the close of the war. He participated in nearly every battle fought on the soil of West Virginia, being several times wounded.

State. By the nom de plume of "Porte Crayon" he is well known to the world of letters. ATKINSON is a native of Ohio, and an outspoken radical, in favor of negro suffrage. He earnestly advocated the formation of the State of West Virginia, and was a member of the first Senate of the new Commonwealth.

THE HONORARY DELEGATES. Nearly every State in the North will be represented in the Convention by Honorary Delegates or Committees of Welcome. We append the names of such as are known at the time of going to press.

California. The Union State Central Committee have requested the following gentlemen, now at the East, to attend the Convention as DELEGATES. John Conness, Donald C. McLean, John Bidwell, Richard Cheney, Cornelius C. Cole, William Hilly, Frederick Pittsburg, Moses Ellis.

CONNESS was born in Ireland in 1819, but came to the United States when only ten years of age, and was among the earliest emigrants to California. He engaged at first in mining and mercantile pursuits, and in 1854 was sent to the State Legislature, serving two or three terms. In 1859 he was elected to the State Senate, and in 1863 to the United States Senate. In politics he is a thorough radical, having voted, during the recent session of Congress, uniformly against the Administration.

COLE is a native of New York, and a lawyer by profession. In 1849 he went to California, and spent one year in the mines. Resuming the practice of his profession, he served for two years as District Attorney of Sacramento. From 1856 to 1860 he was a member of the National Republican Committee, editing a political paper during the campaign of 1860. In 1863 he was elected to the lower House of Congress, and recently to the United States Senate, in which body he will succeed McDougal on the 4th of March next. An attempt was made to Johnsonize him by appointing him a delegate to the late Wigwam Convention, but he refused to serve in that capacity on that occasion.

MURKIN, BIDWELL, and HURY are the present radical members of Congress from this State. HURY is a native of Vermont, where he practiced law until his removal, in 1850, to California. From 1853 to 1859 he was District Attorney of Calaveras county, and in 1863 he entered Congress.

Connecticut. At a meeting of the Union Republican State Central Committee, held in Hartford on the 24th of August, it was resolved to send a committee of forty to attend the Convention, and the following were selected, with power to appoint their own substitutes in case they should be unable to attend:—

DELEGATES AT LARGE. General J. R. Hawley, A. H. Holly, Henry Dutton, G. W. Phillips, William A. Buckingham, Benjamin Douglas, General O. S. Perry, C. A. Atkins.

DISTRICT DELEGATES. 1. Henry C. Deming, David Clark, Charles A. Bracon, Howard Cook, E. P. Buell, John W. Thayer, G. W. Huntington, John W. Thayer, James Converse, William H. Goodspeed, 2. Samuel L. Warner, John Aiton, Col. Wm. B. Wooster, Thomas B. Osborne, K. R. Foster, Calvin H. Carter, 3. Augustus Brandegee, John T. Walt, James L. Greene, Charles J. McCurdy, E. H. Burgee, Samuel Bingham, William H. Chandler, 4. P. Barham, O. H. Perry, D. P. Nichols, William A. Cummings, John H. Hubbard, William J. Cox, Russell Pratt, Truman A. Warner.

General HAWLEY is the present Governor of the State, having been elected to that position last April over Hon. James E. English, the Democratic nominee. Previous to the war he was a lawyer of Hartford, and edited the Times of that city. He entered the army as Colonel of a Connecticut regiment, and rose to the rank of Brevet Major-General.

DUTTON, BUCKINGHAM, and HOLLY have been Governors of the State in time past. BUCKINGHAM held that position from 1860 to 1866, and was one of the most energetic and popular State Executives during the war. In politics he is the opposite extreme to the Seymours, his usual opponents.

General FERRY is a native of Connecticut, and a lawyer by profession. He served in the State Legislature and in other local positions, and in 1859 was elected a Representative in Congress. Years ago he was an officer of the State militia, and on the outbreak of the war he entered the army, fighting his way up to the position of Major-General of Volunteers. At the recent session of the State Legislature he was elected United States Senator, to succeed the Hon. Lafayette S. Foster on the 4th of March, 1867.

DOUGLAS has been Lieutenant-Governor of the State. DEMING is a native of Connecticut, and a lawyer. He served several terms in both branches of the State Legislature, and for six years he was Mayor of Hartford. In 1861 he engaged in the war as Colonel of the 12th Connecticut Infantry, and participated in the capture of New Orleans. In October, 1862, he was appointed Mayor of the conquered city, retaining that position until February, 1863, when he resigned his commission in the army. He was then elected to the seat in Congress which he still holds.

WARNER is the present radical Representative in Congress from the former Democratic stronghold of the Second District. OSBORNE is a distinguished lawyer, having been a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State, and a professor of law in Yale College.

BRANDAGEE is a native of Connecticut, and a lawyer by profession. He served several terms in the State Legislature, was a Presidential elector in 1860, and a delegate to the Baltimore Convention of 1864. In 1863, and again in 1865, he was elected a Representative in Congress.

BARNUM is known to all the world as a general dealer in "Humbugs," but in politics he is a thorough radical, without a taint of his specialty in the showman's business.

HUBBARD, the other Congressman from Connecticut, is a native of the State and a lawyer. He has served in the State Legislature and in other local positions, and in 1863 was elected to the seat in the lower House of Congress which he holds at present.

Illinois. At the solicitation of the Republican Union State Central Committee, Governor Oglesby has requested the two Senators from this State to act as delegates. The Committee have appointed

the remainder of the delegation, which is as follows:— Hon. Lyman Trumbull, Hon. Richard Yates, Hon. L. Brentwood, Hon. W. C. Matheny, Hon. F. A. Hoffman, Col. J. Wilson Shaffer, Hon. E. S. Isham, Hon. John C. Dore, Gen. Stephen A. Hartbut, General A. J. Fuller, General A. L. Cheilan, Hon. Gustavus Koerner, General B. M. Prentiss, Hon. George F. Harding, General William Birney, Hon. Thomas Ridgeway.

TRUMBULL is a native of Connecticut, and a lawyer by profession. In 1840 he was a member of the State Legislature of Illinois; from 1841 to 1842, Secretary of State; from 1848 to 1853, a Justice of the Supreme Court; in 1854, elected to the lower House of Congress; and in 1855 to the United States Senate, of which he is still a member. He has been Chairman of the Judiciary Committee of the Senate for several years, and in that capacity was the author of the Freedmen's Bureau and Civil Rights bills, voted by the President.

YATES is a native of Kentucky, but has long resided in Illinois, where he is immensely popular with the people. From 1851 to 1855 he was a Representative in Congress. From 1851 to 1855 he was Governor of the State, and did noble duty in the cause of the Union through out the war. In December, 1865, he took his seat in the United States Senate, having been elected to succeed the Hon. William A. Richardson.

HOFFMAN is a prominent lawyer of Chicago, and was Lieutenant-Governor during the term of Governor Yates.

DORE is one of the leading merchants of Chicago, and is at present the President of the Board of Trade of that city.

HULLBUT is a loyal soldier, who made a fine record during the war. On the 17th of September, 1862, he was commissioned a Major-General of volunteers. He is a native of South Carolina.

PRENTISS is the volunteer general who figured so conspicuously in the early days of the war. When General Grant started on his victorious march from Belmont to Appomattox Court House, he found Prentiss in command at Cairo, Illinois, then one of the most important military stations on the Continent. General Prentiss' last prominent appearance was in the battle of Pittsburg Landing, where he was surprised and taken prisoner by the Rebels. He is now practicing law in Quincy, Illinois. He is a native of Virginia. During the Mexican war he served with credit as Captain in a volunteer regiment. He entered the late war as Colonel of the 10th Illinois Infantry, which was mustered into service April 29th, 1861. He was made a Major-General in November, 1862.

GREERSON, the famous cavalry raider, is a Pennsylvanian by birth. Indiana. The Union State Central Committee has appointed the following delegation:—

DELEGATES AT LARGE. Oliver F. Morton, Gen. S. Lane, Conrad Baker, Col. R. W. Thompson.

DISTRICT DELEGATES. 1. Hon. Cyrus M. Allen, Col. John W. Boster, 2. Hon. T. C. Slaughter, Hon. Jesse J. Brown, 3. Hon. F. C. Dunning, Colonel William Dunn, 4. Col. Thomas Smith, Gen. Thomas J. Lucas, 5. Major Isaac Kinley, Hon. John W. Bureau, 6. Hon. Alfred Harrison, Colonel S. P. Oyer, 7. Hon. T. H. Nelson, Colonel H. C. Caving, 8. D. W. Warden, Hon. W. S. Linn, 9. Hon. A. Teagarden, Col. L. H. Brincherust, 10. Gen. M. S. Hascall, Colonel B. W. Oakley, 11. Hon. James O'Brien, General C. S. Parrish.

MORTON, the present Governor of the State, is one of the ablest and most popular statesmen in the Northwest. He was placed upon the Republican ticket for Lieutenant-Governor in 1860, and triumphantly elected. In January, 1861, Governor Henry S. Lane, by previous management, resigned his office only two days after his inauguration, when Morton became Governor. He has been continued in the office by re-election to the present. During the war, his administration of the affairs of the State was remarkably efficient and satisfactory to all parties.

BAKER is the present Lieutenant-Governor of the State. LANE is a Kentuckian by birth, but removed to Indiana early in life. In 1837 he was a member of the State Legislature, and from 1841 to 1843, a representative in Congress. During the Mexican War he served under General Taylor as a Lieutenant-Colonel of volunteers. In 1859 he contested Jesse D. Bright's seat in the United States Senate, but unsuccessfully. Elected Governor, he resigned in January, 1861, to accept of a new election to the Senate.

Maine. The Union State Central Committee has designated the following delegation:—

DELEGATES AT LARGE. Samuel Cony, Hon. Samuel B. Spring, General Chamberlain, Abner Coburn.

CONY has been Governor of the State for several years, and is very popular at home. CHAMBERLAIN, who made a good record as a soldier, has just been elected Governor.

COBURN has held the position of Governor, Massachusetts. This State, by deputation of the Republican State Central Committee, sends a delegation of her most distinguished citizens, as a COMMITTEE OF WELCOME.

Alexander H. Bullock, John Herrran, William Collins, John H. Clifford, Henry Washburn, Eugene L. Norton, George J. Sherman, Robert W. Washington Warren, Charles M. Train, Zina S. Stone, Tappan Westworth, David H. Mason, Francis W. Bird, A. E. Sprague, George F. Hoar, Writing, Bridgwood, W. S. Clark, Henry L. Davis, Charles C. Chubb, Joseph Tucker, E. P. Whipple, Theo. P. Chandler, James B. Duncan, Edmund Frank, J. C. Blaisdell, Joe Hayden, Henry Wilson, Charles Devenis, James M. Stone, William B. Spooner, John O. Whittier, F. R. Galtrey, John M. S. Williams, Charles O. Rogers, James L. Linn, James Russell Lowell, Edward L. Pierce, James D. Easton, Martin Brimmer, Amos A. Lawrence, George M. Weston, Jacob H. Loud, Chester I. Reed, Henry L. Burr, Henry T. Twitchell, Joseph H. Chadwick, Edward W. Kinsley, Thomas S. Tobey, John W. Muzzey, John H. Alley,

BULLOCK is a native of Massachusetts, has served several times in the Legislature, and been repeatedly elected to offices of trust and importance. During the war he evinced a zealous and praiseworthy interest in the overthrow of the Rebellion and the suppression of treasonable overtures from the North. He was this year elected Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to succeed John A. Andrew.

BANKS is a self-educated man, who has risen by the exercise of an indomitable perseverance to the position of one of the first statesmen in the country, and to an enviable rank in the army. He commenced life as a newspaper editor. He has studied law, but never practiced very extensively. He has been chosen to both Houses of the Legislature of Massachusetts, and officiated as Speaker. From 1853 to 1857 he was a Representative in Congress. During his second term, from 1855 to 1857, he presided over the National House of Representatives with great ability and rare success. In 1857 he had a majority of twenty-four thousand for the position of Governor of Massachusetts.

He was re-elected Governor for a second term in 1868, and again in 1869. During the Rebellion he served with distinction as a Major-General of Volunteers, principally in the Department of the Gulf. With his administration of the affairs of New Orleans, and the great Red River Expedition, the world will always be familiar.

SUMNER, BUTLER, and JOSEPH QUINCY need no comment in this connection. EMERSON is a poet and scholar of great ability, and as a master of intricate and refined mental philosophy stands unapproached and unapproachable. He is a native of Massachusetts, and has devoted the greater portion of his life to the promulgation of his peculiar and original ideas in public lectures. He will not probably take a very prominent part in the Convention, but will give weight to its deliberations by his presence.

PARSONS is the celebrated Law Professor of Harvard University. His father was Chief Justice of the State, and he himself was born and bred to the profession, in which he has new superior. As a commentator and lecturer, he is clear, precise, and brilliant.

HOLMES, the "Autocrat of the Breakfast Table," is skilled in surgery, in poetry, and in puns. Notwithstanding his great popularity as a writer, he bends himself to his daily task in the lecture-rooms of the Harvard Medical School.

WHITTING is one of the most accomplished jurists in the United States, and is well known by his legal pamphlets published during the war. ANDREW is the popular ex-Governor who was instrumental in giving Massachusetts such a noble record during the war. He is talked of for United States Senator.

BOUTWELL, WILSON, ALLEY, DAWES, HOOPER, BALDWIN, WASHBURN, are some of the radical Congressmen whose political course has been so decided that they were not requested to enter the Wigwam Convention, arm-in-arm with Governor Orr, of South Carolina. Their records are known to the people of the nation, and call for no comment in this place.

WHITTIER, the "drab-kirted" poet of world-wide renown, though the tenets of his religious faith taught him to shun the din of battle, was the leader of the hearts of the loyal millions throughout the war. His lyrics were inspired by the same martial and liberty-loving spirit that dictated the charming ballads of the middle ages. Now, in the interests of liberty and peace, he comes to Philadelphia to welcome the true men of the South.

LINCOLN is the urbane and radical Mayor of Boston. His name brings weight to the committee of welcome. LOWELL lectures Harvard students on the Belles-Lettres of Spain and Italy, and devotes his spare hours to noting down in barboresquely spelled rhymes the vagaries of Mr. Hosea Bigelow. He is not a politician, although he gives tone to the politics of the Atlantic Monthly and North American Review.

TRAIN is not the Train, but he is a brother of the irrepressible George Francis, although of a much clearer political complexion. To follow the list above given from beginning to end would fill all the space allotted to this lengthy article. Suffice it to say, that never in the history of the country was Massachusetts or any other State represented by a delegation of such sterling patriots and accomplished scholars.

New Jersey. Governor Ward has appointed a delegation to the Convention, requesting them to "assure that body that while the people of his State desire an early adjustment of all causes of difference, they are firm in the conviction that treason should be made odious, and that the work of reconstructing States or the Union cannot be safely left to traitors and their sympathizers."

Since the appointment by the Governor, the Republican State Central Committee has appointed a delegation of one hundred from each of the five Congressional Districts of the State. We give the delegation appointed by the Governor, which is as follows:—

DELEGATES. Charles S. Olden, Fred I. Freunghusen, Richard E. Field, William A. Sewell, John F. Starr, Malvern B. McCallister, Alexander G. Attell, Benjamin Buckley, John H. H. Bradley, Joseph P. Bradley, John E. Nixon, Benjamin Gull, J. R. Bullock, Brig. Gen. E. Jardine, Eriolin Hill, Ebers K. Matlock, William Barry, A. D. Hoop, Gen. Geo. John Ramsey, Charles K. Landis, Thomas W. Ivins, J. G. Hibbins, David Thompson, Theo. P. Chandler, Andrew H. Hay, John C. Ten Eyck, Samuel S. Barber, John B. Hill, George T. Cobb, Benjamin B. Edsall, Cortland Parker.

OLDEN was formerly Governor of the State, and is one of the most extensive agriculturists in New Jersey.

FREILINGHUYSEN is a prominent young lawyer of East Jersey, and has held several offices under the National and State Governments. He is a son of the late Hon. Theodore Frelinghuyzen, the defeated candidate for Vice-President on the ticket with Henry Clay.

FIELD was appointed United States Senator in 1862, and in 1863 was appointed by President Lincoln United States District Judge of New Jersey, which office he still holds.

SEWELL is a well-known physician. He has

been Governor of the State, and is at present a Representative in Congress. STARR is an extensive iron manufacturer of Camden, and at present Representative in Congress from the First District.

CATTELL is a public-spirited resident of Camden, and has for many years been known as one of the most enterprising merchants of the city of Philadelphia. He is the most prominent candidate for United States Senator before the present Legislature of New Jersey.

NIXON is a graduate of Princeton College, and has distinguished himself as a lawyer. He was Speaker of the Legislature of New Jersey for two years, and was a member of the Thirty-sixth and Thirty-seventh Congresses.

JARDINE was before the war a merchant. At the breaking out of the Rebellion he enlisted his energies in raising the 4th New Jersey Infantry, of which he was elected Colonel, serving with that regiment throughout the conflict. He was subsequently breveted Brigadier-General.

RAMSEY is a prominent lawyer, served with distinction throughout the war, and was made a Brigadier-General.

LANDIS is the renowned wine-grower of East Jersey.

IYVINS is a well-known merchant of Trenton, N. J. His name is a household word throughout the United States—vide "The Trenton Cracker-Box."

HOWELL is an extensive flour manufacturer in Trenton, N. J. He is a man of undoubted patriotism and ability.

TEN EYCK studied law and was admitted to the bar in 1835. After serving in many offices of trust, he was elected in 1844 a member of the New Jersey Constitutional Convention, and in 1850 United States Senator, serving in the latter capacity until 1865.

COBS is a lawyer, and was a Representative in Congress from 1861 to 1863.

STRATTON has been an active politician for some years past, and is a graduate of Princeton College. He was a member of Congress from 1859 to 1863.

CAKE is one of the most popular men of Cape May, and proprietor of Congress Hall Hotel at that sea-side resort. He is a radical with all his heart and soul.

Governor Fenton, of this State, has requested Senators Morgan and Harris to attend the Convention of Southern Unionists in Philadelphia, on the 3d of September, and to "reassure those true and tried friends of the Union and constitutional freedom that the Union party of New York fully appreciates their continued self-sacrificing efforts to place the States lately in revolt upon a just and stable basis; that it sympathizes with them, and sincerely desires the re-establishment of loyal self-government in the communities lately in rebellion, as soon as is consistent with safety and future peace; that the Union party is anxious to see their respective States represented in Congress as early as full assurance can be had that the power of these States will not thereby be placed in Rebel hands, and that it will cordially co-operate with them to these ends."

Meetings have also been held in several sections, and honorary delegates appointed to represent the people of the State in the Convention. Some of these delegations are so large that we cannot give them place here. The following are the leading

DELEGATES. Ira Harris, Edwin D. Moreau, Henry Churchill, Frederick Douglas, Joseph Bancus, John Stewart, W. A. Sackett, S. F. Heath, Lewis E. Smith, D. P. Forrest, Col. James A. Hamilton, J. L. Sanderson, Samuel M. Booth, General Jesse C. Smith, George Hall, General H. B. Durwin, E. A. Lambert, General James M. Gordon, F. B. Stryker, General S. H. Crook, Judge G. C. Reynolds, General H. H. Roberts, Judge A. H. Daly, Hon. J. S. T. Stranahan, Judge A. Walter, Hon. G. W. Lincoln.

HARRIS, a native of New York, has acquired the reputation of being one of the soundest lawyers in the United States. He has served repeatedly in the Legislature, and was a Judge of the Supreme Court of New York for over twelve years. He was elected in 1861 to the United States Senate for the term ending in 1867. For several years he has also been a professor of law in the University of Albany.

MORGAN is a native of Massachusetts. His earlier years were spent in mercantile pursuits. In 1836 he removed to New York, and entered largely into the commercial interests of the city. He has since that time been one of the "City Fathers," a member of the Legislature, and Commissioner of Emigration. In 1868 he was elected Governor of the State of New York, and was re-elected in 1860. In 1861 he was appointed Major-General of Volunteers by President Lincoln, but never entered upon active service in the field. Still, as Governor of the State during the most gloomy period of the war, he did mainly duty in the way of encouraging the enlistment of soldiers and in equipping and forwarding them expeditiously to the front. In 1863 he was elected to the United States Senate as the successor of the late Preston King.

DOUGLASS, who comes to Philadelphia as a representative of Rochester, is the celebrated multiloquator. His nomination by the Union Convention was received with great applause. Though of a sabbie hue, his remarkable ability will detract nothing from the dignity of the Convention.

BOOTH is the present Mayor of Brooklyn, an office in which he has been preceded by HALL, LAMBERT, and STRYKER. Ohio. The Union Central Committee of Ohio have appointed a large delegation, among who are the following DELEGATES. Benjamin F. Wade, William Denison, General M. D. Leggett, Frederick Hassaurek, General John Beatty, Hon. P. Hitchcock, General J. C. Schenck, Hon. James M. Elliott, General J. A. Garfield, General H. Force, Hon. C. Delano, General H. Hayes, Hon. Benjamin Egrie-ton, General M. Atwell, Hon. Saml. Shenalrager.

WADE—"Old Ben Wade," as he is universally called, is a peculiar outgrowth of our free institutions; a man of wonderful energy, considerable ability, and an unflinching devotion to the cause of truth and justice, regardless of the consequences of his advocacy of them. He is a native of Massachusetts, and a self-made man. Removing to Ohio at the age of twenty-one, he commenced life as a school teacher and an agriculturist. He subsequently studied law, and has attained considerable eminence in the profession. After serving in various local positions, in 1851 he was sent by Ohio to the United States Senate, and has held his seat until the present time by re-election. His public career is too well known to need further comment. (Continued on the Seventh Page.)